

# plasmAID Endodontic Spray

## **I** Identification

### **GHS Product Identifier**

Product Form: Aerosol

Trade Name: plasmAID Endodontic Spray

Product Numbers: ENSP CAS No.: 75-37-6 Formula:  $C_2H_2F_4$ 

Other means of identification

Synonyms: 1,1-difluoroethane / 1,1-difluoroethane (refrigerant gas R 152a)

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

UseofSubstance/Mixture: Endodontic Spray, Pulp Vitality Refrigerant

Supplier's details

3D Dental

Windsor Mill, MD USA www.3d-dent.com

Tel.: 877-605-8061

**Emergency phone number** 

CHEMTREC 24 Hour Emergency Response

USA & Canada 800-424-9300

## 2 Hazard(s) identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS Categories**

Criteria	Category	Signal Word	Pictograms
Gas Under Pressure; Liquefied Gas	3	Warning	Gas Cylinder

Note: Non-flammable Aerosol. Not defined as flammable aerosol because heat of combustion is <20 kJ/g and ignition distance <15 cm according to 16 CFR 1500.3(c)(6) for the U.S. Federal Hazard Substance Act of the Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations. Not defined as a flammable aerosol under the Canadian Controlled Product Regulation SOR/88-66, 40 Division 5 criteria.

#### **GHS** label elements

Warning



Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

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Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

HCS2012 Criteria	Hazard Statements / Precautionary Statements	Signal Word	Pictograms
Simple Asphyxiant	May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.	Warning	Not Applicable

Note: This product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations which take precedence over OSHA Hazard Communication labeling. The actual container label will not include the label elements above. The labeling above applies to industrial/professional products.

# **3** Composition/information on ingredients

Description CAS Number EINECS Number % Note

1,1-Difluoroethane, liquefied, under pressure 75-37-6 200-866-1 > 99 Liquefied Gas, H280

Fragrance <1

## 4 First-aid measures

## Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration.

Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition:

doctor/hospital. Never give alcohol to drink.

First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical

service.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Rinse with water. In case of frostbites: Wash immediately with lots of water

(15 minutes)/shower. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical

service.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Rinse with water. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an

ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion: Not applicable.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries: Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury. Not expected to

present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: Exposure to high concentrations: Dizziness. Slight irritation. Headache. Nausea.

Vomiting.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Frostbites.

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Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: No data available.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Not applicable.

Chronic symptoms: No effects known.

## 5 Fire-fighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Response: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish.

Use water spray to cool containers.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Combustion: Produces CO, CO2, halogenated compounds, and hydrogen fluorides.

General: Vapors may accumulate in low-lying areas. Aerosol container may erupt with force

at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. Produces irritating and toxic fumes in fires

or in contact with hot surfaces.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire-Fighter: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting.

### 6 Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid breathing the mist/vapors. For very large spills, wear self-contained breathing apparatus before approaching the spill. Wear cold-insulating clothing and gloves.

## **Environmental precautions**

Prevent spreading in sewers.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For aerosol can size spill, leave the immediate spill area to avoid contact with the liquid. No containment required under normal circumstances. If it can safely be done, extinguish open flames or remove high temperature sources to avoid producing toxic decomposition products. Cleaning Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in low or enclosed areas. The product will turn gaseous and be dispersed.

## 7 Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Prevention: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Do not get

in eye, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. In cases of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Do not pierce or burn, even

after use.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Handling: Keep upright when in use. Do NOT spray when container is more than 45 degrees

off vertical or inverted. Wear cold-insulating gloves if exposure to liquid or aerosol

jet is likely. Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

Recommendation: Wear cold-insulating gloves if exposure to liquid or aerosol jet

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# **Exposure controls/personal protection**

## **Control parameters**

Chemical Name	Country	Long Term Exposure Limits (PEL)	Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL)	
1,1-difluoroethane	ACGIH	Not established	Not established	
	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	Not established	Not established	
	Canada	Not established	Not established	

Note: Ingredients are listed in descending weight contribution order (from greatest to least). The ACGIH2, OSHA (Table Z-1), and Canadian provinces exposure limits were consulted. Limits from by RTECS database1 of the Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS) a data from suppliers' SDS were also consulted. Short term exposure limits (STEL) are for 15 min and long term permissible exposure limits (PEL) for 8 h.

# Appropriate engineering controls

Local exhaust ventilation, vent hoods.

## **Individual protection measures**

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Safety glasses.





Materials for protective clothing: GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. leather. neoprene. polyethylene. PVC.

Hand protection: Insulated gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses.

Skin and body protection: Protective clothing.

Respiratory protection: High vapor/gas concentration: self-contained respirator. Maintain oxygen levels

above 19.5% in the workplace. Use supplied air respiratory protection if oxygen levels are below 19.5% or during emergency response to a release of this product.

Wear appropriate mask.

Other information: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

### Physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Gas

Appearance: Liquefied gas
Molecular Mass: 66.05 g/mol
Color: Colorless

Odor: Mild odor. Slight Ether-like odor.

Odor Threshold: No data available. pH: No data available.

Relative evaporation rate

(butyl acetate = 1): No data available.

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Melting point: -117 °C

Freezing Point: No data available.

Boiling point:  $-25\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Flash point:  $<-50\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Critical temperature:  $114\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Auto-ignition temperature:  $455\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Decomposition temperature: No data available. Flammability (solid, gas): No data available.

Vapor pressure: 5100 hPa
Vapor pressure at 50 °C: 11700 hPa
Critical pressure: 44960 hPa

Relative vapor density at 20 °C: 2.3

Relative density: 1.0 (-25 °C)

Specific gravity / density: 1004 kg/m3 (-25 °C)

Solubility: Poorly soluble in water. Soluble in

organic solvents. Water: 0.54 g/100ml (0 °C)

Log Pow: 0.75 (Experimental value)

Log Kow:

Viscosity, kinematic:

Viscosity, dynamic:

Explosive properties:

Oxidizing properties:

Explosive limits:

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

112 - 518 g/m3

# 10 Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

On heating/burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapor e.g.: hydrofluoric acid, carbonylfluoride. Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers.

### Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

#### Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

### **Incompatible materials**

Strong acids. Strong bases.

### Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

## 11 Toxicological information

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Eyes, inhalation, and skin

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eyes: See skin summary.

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Skin: Contact with the liquid may cause frostbite due to heat lost caused by rapid

evaporation. Aerosol jet can reach sub-zero temperatures; exposure to jet

can lead to frostbites.

Inhalation: Extreme exposure due to misuse and inhalation abuse may cause central

nervous system depression and irregular heart beat.

Ingestion: Highly unlikely under normal use and conditions. See inhalation and skin

summaries.

Chronic: Not applicable.

## Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)

Chemical Name	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	LC50 inhalation	TCLo inhalation
1,1-difluoroethane	Not available	Not available	1,500 g/m³ 4h Rat	Not available

### **Interactive effects**

Skin corrosion/irritation: None known or expected.

Serious eye damage/irritation: None known or expected.

Sensitization

(allergic reactions): None known or expected.

Carcinogenicity

(risk of cancer): Not classified or listed as a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, CA Prop 65, or NTP.

Mutagenicity

(risk of heritable genetic effects): No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity

(risk to sex functions): No data available.

Teratogenicity

(risk of fetus malformation): No data available.

STOT-single exposure: Data does not give rise to classification. At extreme doses, can affect the central

nervous system and cardiovascular systems by inhalation. CNS anesthetic effects are based on rat studies with TCLo of 25 pph. Cardiac effects are based on exposure of ≥150,000 ppm in study on dogs. Misuse and inhalation abuse can lead to dizziness, confusion, drowsiness, unconsciousness, irregular heartbeat,

heart thumping, apprehension, and weakness.

STOT-repeated exposure: No data available.

Aspiration hazard: Not applicable.

# 12 Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

Ecology - air: Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009).

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Included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse

effect (Regulation (EC) No 842/2006). TA-LuftKlasse 5.2.5

Ecology - water: Mild water pollutant (surface water). No data available on ecotoxicity.

Persistence and degradability

R152A (75-37-6)

Persistence and degradability Biodegradability in water: no data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

R152A (75-37-6)

Log Pow 0.75 (Experimental value)

Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow< 4).

Mobility in soil

No additional information available.

Other adverse effects

Other information: Avoid release to the environment.

# 13 Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

# 14 Transport information

**UN Number** 

US DOT (ground): UN1030, 1,1-Difluoroethane, 2.1, Level 1 Aerosol, Limited Quantity

ICAO/IATA (air): UN1950, Aerosols, Flammable, 2.1, Limited Quantity

IMO/IMDG (water): UN1950, Aerosols, Flammable, 2.1, Limited Quantity

Special Provisions: DOT-SP 11516: In accordance with this special permit, this product is not subject

to labeling requirements unless offered for transportation by air. This product is not subject to placarding requirements. Outside packaging must be marked with

proper shipping description and 'DOT-SP 11516'.

**UN Proper Shipping Name** 

1,1-Difluoroethane

**DOT Special Provisions** 

(49 CFR 172.102): DOT-SP 11516: In accordance with this special permit, this product is not subject

to labeling requirements unless offered for transportation by air. This product is not subject to placarding requirements. Outside packaging must be marked with

proper shipping description and 'DOT-SP 11516'.

**DOT Packaging Exceptions** 

(49 CFR 173.xxx): 306

**DOT Packaging Non Bulk** 

(49 CFR 173.xxx): 304

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DOT Packaging Bulk

(49 CFR 173.xxx): 314; 315

Transport hazard class(es)

Other information: No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions: DOT-SP 11516: In accordance with this special permit, this product is not subject

to labeling requirements unless offered for transportation by air. This product is not subject to placarding requirements. Outside packaging must be marked with

proper shipping description and 'DOT-SP 11516'.

**Overland transport** 

Class (ADR): 2 - Gases

Hazard identification number

(Kemler No.): 23

Classification code (ADR): 2F

Additional Information: Certificate No. SU 12300 allows this product to be shipped in accordance with

DOT-SP 11516.

Air transport:

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail

(49 CFR 173.27): Forbidden

**DOT Quantity Limitations** 

Cargo aircraft only

(49 CFR 175.75): 150 kg

## 15 Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

**US Federal Regulations** 

R152A (75-37-6)

SARA Section 311/312

Hazard Classes: Fire hazard

Sudden release of pressure hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

**International Regulations** 

Canada R152A (75-37-6): Products conform to the Canadian Consumer Labeling Regulations.

**Europe R152A (200-866-1):** Classification and labelling have been determined according to EU Aerosol

Directives 94/1/EC and 2008/47/EC and take into account the intended use

of the product.

## 16 Other information

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### Other information

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, the manufacturer/distributor of this product does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SAFETY OF THE GOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. The manufacturer/distributor assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.

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